

Read more at the EU Terrorism Situation & Trend Reports

ALL TE-SAT REPORTS

The overall terrorist threat to the security of the EU remains acute.

The main concern of Member States is jihadist terrorism and the closely related phenomenon of foreign terrorist fighters who travel to and from conflict zones.

Recent attacks in the EU demonstrate the intent and capability of jihadist terrorists to inflict mass casualties on urban populations in an effort to induce a high state of well-publicised terror.

The carefully planned attacks continue to demonstrate the elevated threat to the EU from an extremist minority, operationally based in the Middle East, combined with a network of people born and raised in the EU, often radicalised within a short space of time, who have proven willing and able to act as facilitators and active accomplices in terrorism.

CROSS-BORDER COOPERATION

Europol's counter-terrorism efforts are coordinated by the [European Counter Terrorism Centre \(ECTC\)](#) which officially started operations on 1 January 2016. The ECTC seeks to enhanced cross-border cooperation between relevant counter-terrorist authorities.

Even before it was launched, Europol was already connecting its information-exchange and -analysis capabilities to support investigations into the November 2015 Paris attacks. Europol's [Emergency Response Team \(EMRT\)](#) was immediately activated to support the investigations in France and Belgium on a 24/7 basis. This support included the deployment of analysts and specialists to Paris, to Interpol in Lyon, and to Brussels.

TRENDS

This [EU Terrorism Situation and Trend Report \(TE-SAT\)](#), which Europol has produced each year since 2007, provides an overview of the failed, foiled and completed attacks in the EU, as well as of terrorism-related arrests, convictions and penalties.

The report addresses terrorism in all its forms, namely:

- › Jihadist terrorism
- › Ethno-nationalist and separatist terrorism
- › Left-wing and anarchist terrorism
- › Right-wing terrorism
- › Single-issue terrorism.

According to the most recent TE-SAT, in the EU in 2017:

- › 68 people died and over 844 were injured as a result of terrorist attacks;
- › There were 205 failed, foiled or completed terrorist attacks in nine Member States;
- › Explosives were used in 30% of the attacks;
- › 975 individuals were arrested for terrorism-related offences;
- › Courts issued 569 verdicts to 565 individuals tried on terrorism charges;
- › The ECTC supported 439 counter terrorism investigations.

Of the 12 trends identified in the latest TE-SAT, most related to jihadist terrorism. While there was a large number of terrorist attacks not connected with jihadism, the latter accounts for the most serious forms of terrorist activity as nearly all reported fatalities and most of the casualties were the result of jihadist terrorist attacks.

The attacks in Manchester (with explosives) and Barcelona (with vehicles), which intended to randomly kill and wound as many people as possible, again demonstrated the harm jihadist militants are able and willing to inflict upon EU citizens, legitimised by the interpretation they adopted of selectively sampled religious texts.

Jihadist terrorists can be both directed by the Islamic State (IS) or merely inspired by IS ideology and rhetoric. Jihadist terrorists have been found to use a range

of weapons to include bladed weapons, automatic rifles, explosives and vehicles, and are expected to continue to do so.

Jihadist attacks can be both carefully prepared and carried out spontaneously. Terrorists acting in the name of IS have proven to be able to plan relatively complex attacks – including those on multiple targets – quickly and effectively.

In terms of right-wing terrorism, the report notes that politicians, public figures, political parties, civic action groups and media that take a critical view of right-wing extremism, or advocate pro-migration policies, have to be considered as potential targets of right-wing extremist agitation, given the incidences of attacks and physical assaults on them.

Anarchist and left-wing extremists, on the other hand, take advantage of peaceful demonstrations to carry out attacks on government property and law enforcement personnel, the report finds.

NUMBER OF ITEMS FOUND: 194

SEARCH



TYPE

Article/Story, Event, How-To Guide, Landing Page, Multimedia, News/Press Release, Operation, Page, Publication/Document

TARGET GROUP

SEARCH

CLEAR ALL

11 Jun 2020

INDIVIDUAL ARRESTED IN MADRID FOR TRANSFERRING MONEY TO SYRIA TO FUND THE RETURN OF FOREIGN TERRORIST FIGHTERS TO EUROPE

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

05 Jun 2020

ARREST IN SPAIN FOR DISSEMINATION OF JIHADIST TERRORIST PROPAGANDA

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

ECTC

ECTC ADVISORY NETWORK ON TERRORISM AND PROPAGANDA CONFERENCE

01 Apr 2020

ECTC

CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES IN COUNTER-TERRORISM 2020

EVENT

20
Dec
2019



GUIDELINES
They offer an overview of the type of data stored by Online Service Providers and how to request access to it. This section also includes best practice

TOOLS
These analytical and investigative tools were developed by Europol, Member States and partners. They aim to facilitate investigations and data analysis.

SIRIUS: EUROPEAN UNION DIGITAL EVIDENCE SITUATION REPORT 2019

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

20
Dec
2019



SIRIUS EU DIGITAL EVIDENCE SITUATION REPORT 2019

PUBLICATION/DOCUMENT

20
Dec
2019



EU IRU TRANSPARENCY REPORT 2018

PUBLICATION/DOCUMENT

17
Dec
2019

ADVISORY NETWORK ON TERRORISM AND PROPAGANDA WORKSHOP: "DEFINING THE GLOBAL RIGHT-WING EXTREMIST MOVEMENT"

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

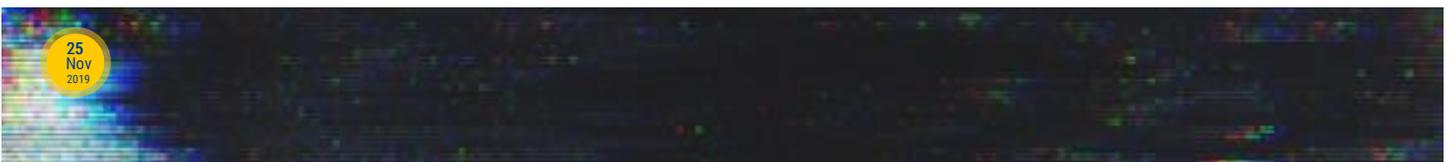
05
Dec
2019



EUROPOL COORDINATES REFERRAL ACTION DAY TO COMBAT MANUALS AND TUTORIALS ON IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES INCLUDING CBRN

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

25
Nov
2019



EU LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUDICIAL AUTHORITIES JOIN FORCES TO DISRUPT TERRORIST PROPAGANDA ONLINE

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

25
Nov



EUROPOL AND TELEGRAM TAKE ON TERRORIST PROPAGANDA ONLINE

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

REFERRAL ACTION DAY AGAINST ISLAMIC STATE ONLINE TERRORIST PROPAGANDA

NEWS/PRESS RELEASE

◀ FIRST

◀ PREVIOUS

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NEXT ▶

LAST ▶

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